



6/27/26 Clinical Reasoning Expedition with @CPSolvers

"One life, so many dreams" Case Presenter: Jeffrey (@) Case Discussants: Javier (@)
<https://clinicalproblemsolving.com/present-a-case/>



Scribing (Lera ❤️❤️) CC: 38M with polyarthralgia HPI: To PCP with 6-7 mo of symmetric pain + stiffness in upper > lower back, knees, shoulders, chest / ribs. No documented synovitis on exam. - EKG, CXR, TTE - nl. TSH - nl. - Rheum: ANA, RF, CCP - neg. - ESR 38, CRP nl. Sx occur in abrupt attacks. Patient wakes up from sleep in the middle of the night -> suffers from joint pain in the upcoming days. ROS: +/- night sweats. Otherwise negative.		Vitals: normal BMI: 29 Exam [during the Sx episode] Gen: unremarkable, a bit anxious because of this	Problem Representation: 38 y/o gentleman feeling bad after ingestion of cheese containing treats.
PMH: obesity Otherwise healthy Meds: —		Notable Labs & Imaging: CBC: nl Chemistry: nl "Write down a diary of Sx when episode occurs". Doesn't remember nightmares. He feels awful, bad followed by pressure in chest and shoulder area. But he ate cheesecake / ice cream before each episode. Sleep study: neg for OSA Dx: lactose intolerance ❤️ Landmark Cheese Case ❤️	Teaching Points (Manaswini <3) - Never anchor to arthralgia Approach to Arthralgia: Is it symmetric or not? Crucial to try to differentiate between a problem IN the joint (synovitis) vs a problem around the joint - Arthritis - If associated swelling, warmth, erythema, or effusion. - Remember to r/o nutritional causes (VitC/D) - Mono vs Oligo (Infectious: Exogenous pyogenic pathogen vs Non Inf: Spondyloarthritis in young, Crystalline disease in old) vs Poly (Viral>others) DDx at this stage: HLA B27 associated, seronegative Ankylosing/ axial spondyloarthropathy, RA, psoriatic arthritis, fibromyalgia, Fx neurologic disorders, PMR <u>So how do we distil it down?</u> - Chronic Intermittent discomfort seen here. Where is the discomfort coming from? - it is/not just a joint discomfort ? - How do know there is NO hidden Dysfunction? → By assessing 1. Vitals signs 2. Get basic labs CBC/CMP to find clues What are the tests to get in all patients who are Obese? Lipid panel, HbA1c, OSA screening (STOP-BANG) 🤪📺, TSH, r/o PCOS, urine pregnancy - Approach to INTERMITTENT symptoms: What does baseline look like? Is it an acute flare due to substance(exo/endo) exacerbating underlying condition. What are the endogenous causes of intermittent symp?- Systemic FLOW related 1.Endocrine, 2.BLOOD related 3.Pipes: vascular inv, +/- GI, 4. Electric(Neurological: seizure, Arrhythmias), 4. OBGYN(Hormones are Cyclical!) is affected making it intermittent! DDx for waking up from sleep: 1. Sleeping disorder(OSA), 2. Breathing disorder (PND) and 3. GERD (microaspiration) - Eating disorders: Binge eating and Late night eating (exacerbated his symptoms) Take away: Journaling goes a long way ❤️ & Cheese is ALWAYS the answer!